ANTI-BULLYING
(including cyber- bullying)
AND ANTI-HARASSMENT PROCEDURES

What is Bullying, Cyber Bullying and Harassment?

**Bullying** is repeated oppression, physical or psychological, of a less powerful person by a more powerful person or group.

**Cyber-bullying** consists of covert, psychological bullying, conveyed through the electronic mediums such as cell-phones, web-logs and web-sites, on-line chat rooms, ‘MUD’ rooms (multi-user domains where individuals take on different characters) and Xangas (on-line personal profiles where some adolescents create lists of people they do not like). It is verbal (over the telephone or mobile phone), or written (flaming, threats, racial, sexual or homophobic harassment) using the various mediums available.

**Harassment** is any verbal, physical or sexual conduct (including gestures) which is uninvited, unwelcome or offensive to a person.

Why do we have a Policy on these?

To provide a safe and friendly school environment for students and staff and to encourage care, courtesy and respect for others. All persons have a legal right to protection from harassment under the Commonwealth Sex Discrimination Act and the Victorian Equal Opportunity Act.

What are the effects of Bullying and Harassment?

- poor health – anxiety, depression
- lower self esteem
- reduced study performance
- missed classes, social withdrawal
- reduced career prospects

Am I bullying or harassing someone?

If you are not sure about your behaviour you can:

- check it out by asking if it is offensive or inappropriate.
- stop it
- apologise
- take it seriously if someone says they are feeling uncomfortable
- talk it over with an adviser or somebody who has an understanding of the issues

What are some of the feelings victims of bullying or harassment may experience?

:"I will ignore it and it will go away.” If anything it will make things worse – you will give the impression that you agree with the situation. 
:"I don’t want to cause trouble.” Most causes of harassment are sorted out quite simply. By speaking up, action can be taken to address the problem.

:"Am I to blame?” Victims of harassment or bullying sometimes feel that it is their fault. Victims are made to feel guilty by the offender and often blame themselves. It is your right to have a safe environment free from harassment or bullying.

:"Am I imagining things?” Often our hunches are correct. Rather than put up with nagging doubts, talk to someone about your feelings.

Harassment or bullying can often make people feel:

- embarrassed or ashamed
- offended or humiliated
- intimidated or frightened
- uncomfortable

What should you do if you see another person being bullied or harassed?

Tell the person that you witnessed the incident and advise them to report it to an appropriate person. However, if your friend is harassing another person, let them know that their behaviour is unacceptable.
Bystanders who do nothing to stop bullying may be contributing to the problem by providing an audience for the bully.

**Bullying can involve such things as:**

- grabbing, aggressive staring, hitting, pinching, kicking, pushing and shoving.
- publicly excluding a person from your group
- taking or breaking a person's property
- knocking a person's books or belongings out of their hands or off their desk
- teasing a person because of their looks

**Cyber-bullying can involve such things as:**

- flaming: online fights using electronic messages with angry or vulgar messages
- harassment: Repeatedly sending nasty, mean and insulting messages
- denigration: Posting or sending gossip or rumours about a person to damage his/her reputation or friendships
- outing: Sharing someone's secrets or embarrassing information or images online
- exclusion: Intentionally and cruelly excluding someone from an online group
- cyberstalking: Repeated, intense harassment and denigration that includes threats or creates significant fear

**Harassment is usually directed at a person because of their gender, race, creed or abilities.** It can be subtle or explicit.

**Subtle: (The most common)**

They include:
- Offensive staring and leering.
- Unwanted comments about physical appearance and sexual preference.
- Racist or smutty comments or jokes.
- Questions about another's sexual activity.
- Persistent comments about a person's private life or family.
- Physical contact e.g. purposely brushing up against another's body.
- Offensive name calling.

**Explicit: (obvious)**

They include:
- Grabbing, aggressive hitting, pinching and shoving etc.
- Unwelcome patting, touching, embracing.
- Repeated requests for dates, especially after refusal.
- Offensive gestures, jokes, comments, letters, phone calls or e-mail.
- Sexually and/or racially provocative remarks.
- Displays of sexually graphic material – pornography.
- Requests for sexual favours.

Extreme forms of sexual harassment will lead to criminal prosecution.

**What do you do if you are being bullied or harassed?**

- Tell the person you don't like what they are doing and you want them to stop.
- Discuss the matter with a Coordinator, Student Welfare Coordinator or peer mediator, peer support leader or a teacher that you feel comfortable with.

We will take your concerns seriously. All complaints will be treated confidentially.
How will your complaint be dealt with?

The chart below summarises school procedures for responding to a student who bullies or harasses others

**Level 1.** If the bullying or harassment incident is minor or first time occurrence, teachers may elect to use one or more anti-bullying practices:

- stopping the bullying/re-statement of rules and consequences,
- restorative questioning,
- think time detention,
- private conference,
- shared control discussion.

If the student does not take control over his/her behaviour, an Incident Report Form should be completed and submitted to Student Welfare coordinator, Year Level Coordinator or Assistant Principal.

**Level 2.** If the bullying or harassment continues or in instances of severe bullying or harassing, a referral should be made to the Student Welfare Coordinator.

Here, the student welfare coordinator (or another who has responsibility for student welfare) may:

- meet with the student to develop a behaviour contract,
- provide discussion/mentoring of different social and emotional learning competencies including structured learning activities,
- conduct a restorative conference separately with the perpetrator and “target”.

**Level 3.** For “at risk” students (many risk factors, few protective factors) whose bullying or harassing behaviour is severe and for other non-at risk students whose bullying or harassing and other aggressive behaviour is resistant to change, an individual “strength building” plan should be developed by the student welfare coordinator in consultation with student, parents/carers and teachers. Individual strength-building plans and associated interventions help connect the student to positive people, programs and actions in the community, school and home as well as develop the student’s inner social and emotional strengths (skills, values).

**Level 4.** Students whose severe bullying or harassing behaviour resists school efforts and represent a significant threat to the safety and wellbeing referred to outside agencies for evaluation. Student welfare coordinators will need to be familiar with those community agencies and organisations that can offer more intensive services to the student and student’s family.

**Note**- The school may choose, if bullying or harassment persists or the initial incident is of such magnitude, that parents/carers will be contacted and consequences implemented consistent with the school’s Student Code of Conduct. Furthermore, the Principal may commence formal disciplinary action in line with ‘Effective Schools are Engaging Schools - Student Engagement Policy Guidelines’ (DEECD) at any stage in the process depending on contextual information relating to the severity of the bullying (including cyber bullying) and harassment.
REPORT ON INCIDENT OF BULLYING/HARASSMENT

Staff member recording incident-----------------------------------------------
Date-- /- /--
Name of student(s) who appears to have instigated bullying------------------------
__________________________________________________________________________
Year/Class-------------------------------
Name(s) of target(s)----------------------------------------------------------
__________________________________________________________________________
Name(s) of witnesses----------------------------------------------------------
__________________________________________________________________________

Did you observe the incident? Yes No
If ‘NO’ who reported the incident to you?----------------------------------------
Brief description of incident (What was allegedly said or done to the student who appears to have been bullied?)
__________________________________________________________________________
What form(s) of bullying took place? Verbal/ physical /indirect /cyber/ other

Was the incident of bullying: mild? /severe?

Describe how you responded (Did you use a school anti-bullying practice?)------------------

Describe how student responded to your intervention-----------------------------
__________________________________________________________________________

Location?--------------------------------------------------Where /
when / time incident took place:-----------------------------------------------

When? -before school/recess/ lunch/ in class/ after school
Time? ---------:-------- am/pm
Date incident took place--------------------------------------------------------

Additional Comments:----------------------------------------------------------

FORMAL REFERRAL OF STUDENT WHO HAS BULLIED/HARASSED OTHERS TO STUDENT WELFARE COORDINATOR

(This form may be completed by a classroom teacher, year level coordinator, school administrator)

Staff member recording incident ----------------------------------------------- Date --/-- /--
Position--------------------------------------------------------
Name of student being referred--------------------------------------------------Year------
History of incident(s) of bullying (dates, description)----------------------------
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________
__________________________________________________________________________

Have parents been notified?---------------------------------------------------

S:\Curriculum\Webpage Links\WESTALL POLICIES\ANTI-BULLYING\ANTI-BULLYING PROCEDURES APPENDIX A 2010.doc 4
Have they attended a conference?  

Are they willing to participate?  

What appear to be reasons for student’s bullying behaviour (family, peer, school, personal, other)?  

What practices have been tried?  

Impact?  

What has been student’s attitude towards student(s) who have been targets (any concern or remorse expressed)?  

A brief description of academic performance of student over past year or more.  

Distinguishing ‘at risk’ factors of student (e.g. limited English; economic disadvantage of family; ADHD)